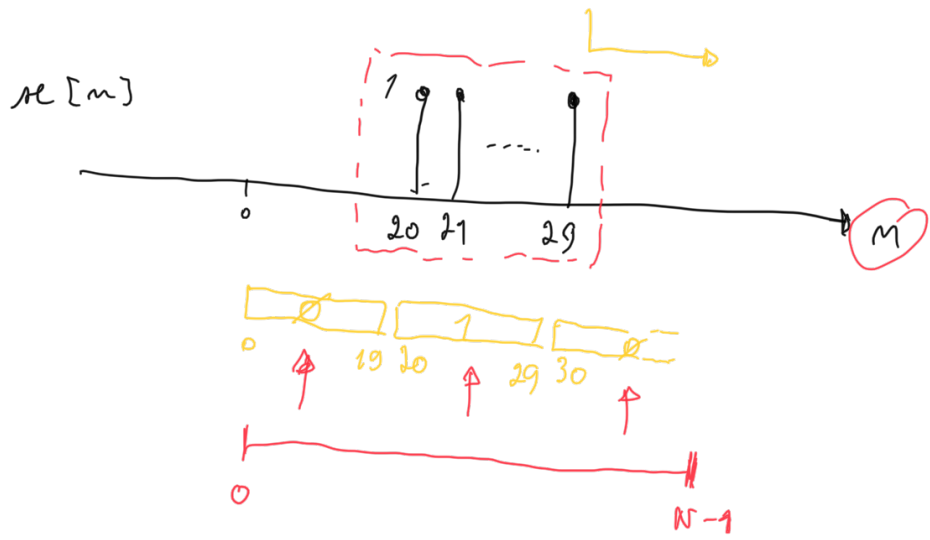
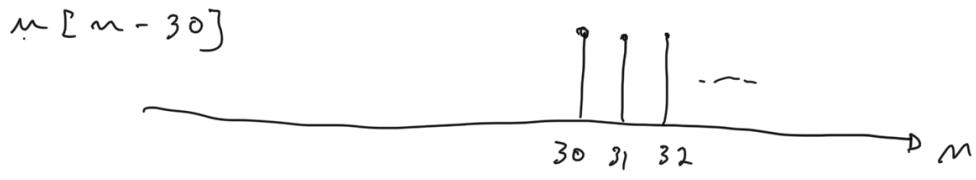
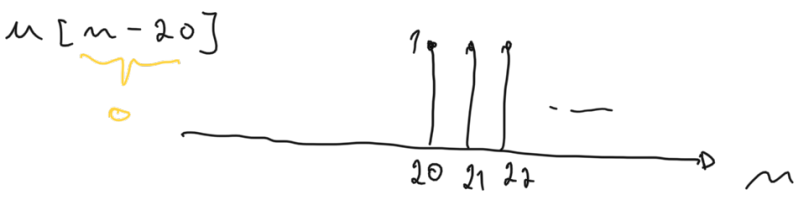


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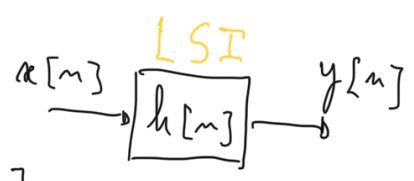
$$r[n] = \underline{u[n-20] - u[n-30]}$$



3

$$h[n] = 2^{-n} u[n]$$

$$r[n] = u[n] - u[n-10]$$



$$y[n] = h[n] * r[n] \triangleq \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} h[k] r[n-k]$$

$$= \mathcal{R}[m] * h[m] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} \mathcal{R}[k] h[m-k]$$

$$h[k] = 2^{-k} u[k]$$



$$\mathcal{R}[m-k]$$

$$\mathcal{R}[-(k-m)]$$



$$\mathcal{R}[k]$$



$$\mathcal{R}[k-m]$$



$$\mathcal{R}[-k]$$



$$\mathcal{R}[-(k-m)] = \mathcal{R}[m-k]$$



$$m < 0$$

$$y[m] = 0$$

$$m-g = 0 \Leftrightarrow m = g$$

$$\sum_{k=a}^b r^k = \frac{r^a - r^{b+1}}{1-r}$$

$$0 \leq n \leq 9$$

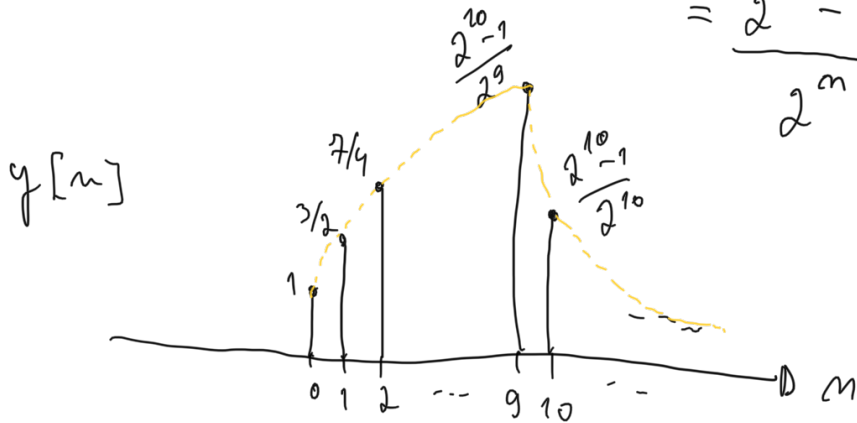
$$y[n] = \sum_{k=0}^n 2^{-k} = \frac{1 - 2^{-(n+1)}}{1 - \frac{1}{2}} = 2(1 - 2^{-n-1})$$

$$= 2 - 2^{-n} = \frac{2^{n+1} - 1}{2^n}$$

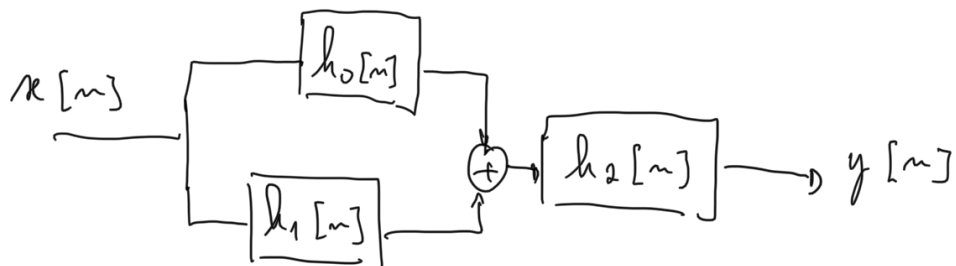
$$n \geq 9$$

$$y[n] = \sum_{k=n-9}^n 2^{-k} = \frac{2^{-(n-9)} - 2^{-(n+1)}}{1 - \frac{1}{2}} = 2(2^{9-n} - 2^{-n-1})$$

$$= \frac{2^{10} - 1}{2^n}$$



5



$$h_1[n] = \beta \delta[n-1]$$

$$h_2[n] = \alpha^n u[n]$$

$$h_0[n] = \delta[n]$$

a) overall $h[n]$

b) overall $H(e^{j\omega})$

c) dif. eq.

$$\begin{aligned} a) \quad h[n] &= (h_0[n] + h_1[n]) * h_2[n] \\ &= (\delta[n] + \beta \delta[n-1]) * \alpha^n u[n] \\ &= \alpha^n u[n] + \beta \alpha^{n-1} u[n-1] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} b) \quad h_0[n] &= \delta[n] \leftrightarrow H_0(e^{j\omega}) = 1 \\ h_1[n] &= \beta \delta[n-1] \leftrightarrow H_1(e^{j\omega}) = \beta e^{-j\omega} \\ h_2[n] &= \alpha^n u[n] \leftrightarrow H_2(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{1}{1 - \alpha e^{-j\omega}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} H(e^{j\omega}) &= (H_0(e^{j\omega}) + H_1(e^{j\omega})) \cdot H_2(e^{j\omega}) \\ &= \frac{1 + \beta e^{-j\omega}}{1 - \alpha e^{-j\omega}} \end{aligned}$$

$$c) \quad H(e^{j\omega}) \triangleq \frac{Y(e^{j\omega})}{X(e^{j\omega})} = \frac{1 + \beta e^{-j\omega}}{1 - \alpha e^{-j\omega}}$$

$$Y(e^{j\omega})(1 - \alpha e^{-j\omega}) = X(e^{j\omega})(1 + \beta e^{-j\omega})$$

$$Y(e^{j\omega}) - \alpha e^{-j\omega} Y(e^{j\omega}) = X(e^{j\omega}) + \beta e^{-j\omega} X(e^{j\omega})$$

$\downarrow \mathcal{F}^{-1}$

$$y[n] - \alpha y[n-1] = x[n] + \beta x[n-1]$$

0 - - - - -

$$y[n] = x[n] + \beta x[n-1] + \alpha y[n-1]$$